National University of Singapore

Meta-analysis on the efficacy of heat mitigation measures and optimisation of hydration

> Jason KW LEE Ph.D., FACSM Associate Professor Department of Physiology Yong Loo Lin School of Medicine



5 Heat Management Strategies



Heat Management



Work Tolerance

5 Heat Management Strategies



Drink temperature and form

Extensive research on fluid replacement, but limited data on the physiological responses to drinks at different temperatures

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Drink temperature and form can influence body heat storage capacity

Amount of energy required to warm or cool the ingested fluids to body temperature

$\mathbf{E} = \mathbf{M} \cdot \mathbf{h}_{\mathbf{c}} \cdot \Delta \mathbf{T}$

- M = Mass of the fluids ingested
- $h_c = Specific heat of ingested fluids$
- $\Delta T = Difference in temperature between the ingested fluids and body core temperature$

Cold fluids was effective in reducing Tc at rest leading to an improved endurance capacity



Lee, Shirreffs, Maughan (2008) MSSE

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From bench to bedside work site?



Nutraceuticals RSS Tweet Share 0

Focus on Core Temperature as a Heat Disorder Countermeasure ICE SLURRY "Cools from the Core" -



NUS team finds new purpose for old clothes



Summary

- While employing a combination of various heat mitigation will be most ideal, the meta-analysis allows prioritization based on resources at hand
- Ingestion of ice slurry is an effective and practical precooling method
 - Lesser volume required to attenuate body temperature
 - Efficacy achieved without affecting drink constituents

THANK YOU

Jason Lee Ph.D., FACSM phsjlkw@nus.edu.sg

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Climatic conditions – just one of several factors



Lee et al. (2010). EJAP

Dehydration following races in the tropics (n=2206)



- Acute dehydration (>2% body mass loss) may not compromise health

Tan et al. (2016). Sports Med

Definition

EAH is the occurrence of hyponatremia during or up to 24 hours after prolonged activity and is defined by a serum/plasma Na+ concentration below the < 135 mmol/L

EAH is primarily a *dilutional hyponatremia*

Prevalence of Exercise Associated Hyponatremia at Onsite Endurance Medical Tents: 2009 to 2011 (n=48)

